

LISTENING SUB-TEST – ANSWER KEY
PARTS A, B & C

SAMPLE

LISTENING SUB-TEST – ANSWER KEY

PART A: QUESTIONS 1-12

- 1 left knee
- 2 (an) insect bite
- 3 cholesterol
- 4 excruciating
- 5 drive
- 6 septicaemia / septicemia / blood poisoning
- 7 (playing) rugby
- 8 anti(-)inflammatories / NSAIDs
- 9 (awful) diarrhoea / diarrhea
- 10 liquid morphine / morphine sulphate
- 11 (an) ice pack
- 12 skin rash

PART A: QUESTIONS 13-24

- 13 jet lag
- 14 meningitis
- 15 Malarone
- 16 sweating / diaphoresis
- 17 bad headache / severe headache / splitting headache
- 18 jaundice
- 19 (really) racing
- 20 eyes
- 21 stomach pain / abdominal pain / abdominal discomfort
- 22 hepatitis / hep A
- 23 cold sores (on [her] [upper] lip) / cold sores (all over [her] [upper] lip) / Herpes labialis
- 24 lumpectomy

LISTENING SUB-TEST – ANSWER KEY

PART B: QUESTIONS 25-30

- 25 A worried that he may have damaged a filling
- 26 B reassuring them that their workload won't increase
- 27 B possible post-operative side effects
- 28 C treating the side-effects of an operation
- 29 A prompt preparation is the most effective way to minimise patient risk.
- 30 B impressed by how little time he spent in the hospital.

PART C: QUESTIONS 31-36

- 31 B He compared it to the experience of a relative dying.
- 32 A Under-reporting by patients makes it hard to know how frequent it is.
- 33 B is fixed in a strange position.
- 34 C reported pain levels that impact on their daily lives.
- 35 C made to move a simulation of the missing limb in their minds.
- 36 B it can be used by patients after discharge.

PART C: QUESTIONS 37-42

- 37 A is fairly common so should be more accurately diagnosed.
- 38 C the effects of smoking.
- 39 B diagnosis of HS may require a full patient history.
- 40 A may recur after disappearing for many years.
- 41 A reflected a lack of sympathy and understanding.
- 42 B restrict their intake of dairy products.

END OF KEY